

## FINAL EXAM

For questions 1-16 choose the best alternative.

1. After he has finished his medical course, he's planning to..... research into the causes of heart disease.  
a) do                      b) make                      c) take                      d) follow
2. The car began ..... an extraordinary noise so I stopped .....what the problem was.  
a) making/seeing      b) to make/seeing      c) making/to see      d) to be making/to see
- 3..... inflation has been increasing; things generally are not.....as cheap as they were.  
a) Nearly/late              b) Lately/near              c) Nearly/lately              d) Lately/nearly
4. The wealthy can never understand how hard the rising..... of living can be on families of low income.  
a) price                      b) amount                      c) expense                      d) cost
5. My old riding boots served me well for eleven years before they finally.....  
a) did up                      b) wore out                      c) went off                      d) broke down
6. Mr.Smith locked the animals in the cage to..... them from getting away.  
a) allow                      b) provide                      c) avoid                      d) prevent
7. The Liner, Titanic, struck an iceberg in the Atlantic and sank on her very first .....  
a) trip                      b) voyage                      c) journey                      d) travel
8. It's obvious that he is ..... the security of his house. One can easily understand it from the cameras he has all around the garden.  
a) obsessed with              b) addicted to              c) hooked on              d) dependent on
9. My boss has.....great energy that he works for more than 15 hours a day without a rest.  
a) such                      b) so                      c) such a                      d) so much
10. After giving birth to her first baby, she became really.....She's now more loving and caring towards all the people around her.  
a) ambitious                      b) affectionate                      c) extrovert                      d) spoilt
11. The minister's son was charged with ..... drugs in and out of the country.  
a) vandalising                      b) hijacking                      c) smuggling                      d) kidnapping
12. All tickets for the concert were sold.....only an hour after going ..... sale.  
a) out/on                      b) down/at                      c) in/in                      d) up/for
13. Sarah .....have much more free time when she was single, but after the marriage, it took her a long time to .....staying at home and doing the housework.  
a) was used to/get used to                      c) used to/used to  
b) used to/get used to                      d) didn't use to/be used to
14. My friend and I weren't satisfied ..... the service in the restaurant, so we decided to complain .....the manager.  
a) about/with                      b) for/about                      c) in/to                      d) with/to

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June 8<sup>th</sup>, 2008  
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15. George lost the lottery ticket with the winning number, and I don't think he will ever ..... the shock.  
a) get down                      b) get over                      c) get by                      d) get away with
16. The old man was able to prove his innocence at the trial and was.....  
a) pardoned                      b) forgiven                      c) **acquitted**                      d) excused

For questions 17-23 read the text and **choose the word or phrase which best completes the blank.**

'SAD' SYNDROME

Seasonal Affective Disorder (SAD). is a depressive condition which affects one in every 20 people during the winter months. In the northern hemisphere, January to March are the months **...(17)...** sufferers feel the worst. However, for **...(18)...** who are badly affected, problems can start as early as August and last till spring. The condition is believed to be the **...(19)...** of a lack of sunlight. SAD sufferers feel increasingly tired and depressed and want to sleep and eat more.

Light travels to the part of the brain which controls moods and appetite, and if not enough light is received, then the chemical reactions in your body slow down. The condition was first recognised in 1987, but **...(20)...** medical science has not come up with a cure for it. **...(21)...** is a treatment called 'light therapy' which involves sitting in front of a light box for up to two hours a day. SAD sufferers can also help relieve their **...(22)...** by wearing a special visor around the head which acts **...(23)...** a portable light box.

17. a) Whose                      b) when                      c) on which                      d) which  
18. a) them                      b) those                      c) they                      d) these  
19. a) conclusion                      b) purpose                      c) result                      d) reason  
20. a) so far                      b) so much                      c) so on                      d) so long  
21. a) This                      b) There                      c) It                      d) That  
22. a) symptoms                      b) diagnoses                      c) prescriptions                      d) operations  
23. a) such as                      b) alike                      c) like                      d) similar

For questions 24-36 choose **the best alternative.**

24. In a detailed study, a group of biologists found out that a brain cell was twice .....a heart cell.  
a) stronger than                      b) so strongly that                      c) strongly as                      d) as strong as
25. By the time this course ..... in July, I ..... Russian for nearly a year.  
a) will finish/will have studied                      c) had finished/was studying  
b) finishes/will have been studying                      d) would finish/had studied
26. Your shoes need .....so you had better have them ..... before you go to school.  
a) cleaning/polish                      c) to be cleaned/polishing  
b) to clean/polished                      d) cleaning/polished

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27. A: My son doesn't read much, apart from the books his literature teacher asks him to read.  
B: ..... She spends all her time chatting on the Internet.  
a) Neither does my daughter                      c) But my daughter does  
b) So does my daughter                              d) My daughter does, too
- 28.1 ..... for the project, but in the end, it ..... to the boss's nephew.  
a) was being considered/was given              c) am being considered/will give  
b) was considering/gave                              d) had considered/was being given
29. The driver was injured ..... seriously ..... the passengers and didn't even have to stay in hospital.  
a) less/of all                      b) most/of all                      c) Less/than                      d) more/than
30. At the end of ..... lesson, our teacher asks if ..... has .....  
Questions.  
a) every/somebody/no                              c) all/anybody/any  
b) each/anybody/any                              d) whole/somebody/some
31. The ..... the dog got to us, the ..... the children became.  
a) nearer/more frightened                      c) further/happiest  
b) nearest/most frightened                      d) furthest/happiest
32. .... all the games one after another made her ..... hopeless.  
a) Lose/feeling                      b) To lose/feeling                      c) Losing/feel                      d) Losing/to feel
33. Jack wishes he ..... English in high school. He needs English in his new job and now he has to attend a private course.  
a) studied                      b) had studied                      c) would study                      d) could study
34. The film was ..... I was so ..... that I couldn't even look at the screen.  
a) horrifying/terrified                              c) terrifying/horrifying  
b) horrified/terrifying                              d) terrified/horrified
35. My instructor told me that I am doing well, ....., I still can not communicate in English as well as I would like to.  
a) consequently                      b) therefore                      c) moreover                      d) yet
36. Frank looks quite unhappy; he ..... have got the promotion he was hoping for.  
a) needn't                      b) ought not to                      c) can't                      d) shouldn't

For questions 37-46 read the text and **choose the word or phrase** which best completes the blanks.

**AN INTERVIEW WITH A COOK ON THE MOUNTAIN**

Being **a** cook **at** a ski resort is the perfect opportunity to combine cooking with skiing - at least that's what Victoria Kent thought. She **...(37)...** this petition in the French Alps last year but didn't get to see much of the slopes.

First of all, she had to prepare **...(38)...** food every day. In addition to buying all the food and preparing it, Victoria had to tidy up the kitchen and make sure everything ran smoothly. **...(39)...** the job appeared exciting and easy at first, it soon became clear that this wasn't the case. Victoria had to work hard **...(40)...** she could cope. Since she didn't have any help, she had to take care of everything **...(41)...**. She'd prefer to forget the time the oven was **...(42)...** for a week and the inconvenience that it caused her.

Besides being hard work, the pay wasn't the best **...(43)...**. Victoria only earned £150 a week and was, therefore, unable to save up much. At times she wondered **...(44)...** it was worth it or not and often thought of giving it up, and going home. But, all in all, Victoria admitted **...(45)...** invaluable experience which built up her character. When asked if she would do this as a lifetime job, she replied that she would, **...(46)...** she worked with others and shared the responsibility.

**47.1** have a terrible headache. I wish the children ..... make so much noise.

- |                                 |                 |                 |                      |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| <b>37.</b> a) turned up         | b) took up      | c) set up       | d) made up           |
| <b>38.</b> a) a great amount of | b) plenty       | c) most of      | d) a large number of |
| <b>39.</b> a) Although          | b) However      | c) Nevertheless | d) On the other hand |
| <b>40.</b> a) for               | b) so that      | c) just         | d) already           |
| <b>41.</b> a) oneself           | b) by her       | c) her own      | d) by herself        |
| <b>42.</b> a) out of control    | b) out of order | c) out of sight | d) out of work       |
| <b>43.</b> a) also              | b) too          | c) either       | d) neither           |
| <b>44.</b> a) whether           | b) whereas      | c) why          | d) how               |
| <b>45.</b> a) to gain           | b) gained       | c) gain         | d) gaining           |
| <b>46.</b> a) supposing         | b) provided     | c) only         | d) imagining         |

For questions 47-68 choose the best alternative.

- a) shouldn't      b) couldn't      c) wouldn't      d) don't

**48.** Since the day he .....an accident, he ..... walk.

- a) was having/can not      c) has had/hasn't been able to  
b) has/isn't able to      d) had/hasn't been able to

**49.** He graduated .....a doctor and now he works very hard .....a slave.

- a) like/like      b) as/like      c) like/as      d) as/as

**50.1** can't help asking myself: "What..... if we..... with no sunlight?"

- a) will happen /will have to live      c) would happen / had to live  
b) happens/will have to live      d) happened / had to live

**51.** Plants have to be watered regularly ..... dry out.

- a) in order to      b) so as not to      c) so as to      d) in order not

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52. .... Last week I ..... from my job in which I ..... for fifteen years.  
a) had resigned/worked c) had resigned/would work  
b) resigned/am working d) resigned/had worked
53. "You have been revealing our company secrets," said the boss.  
"No, I haven't," said Jim.  
The boss ..... revealing company secrets, but Jim ..... it.  
a) arrested him for/refused c) blamed him for/confessed  
b) accused him of/denied d) threatened him about/rejected
54. The doctor said that surgery was essential, ..... I ..... the patient would die.  
a) as well as b) as long as c) on the other hand d) otherwise
55. He warned me ..... anyone about the subject we ..... the day before.  
a) not telling/have spoken c) not to tell/had spoken  
b) not to have told/spoke d) not to be told/had been speaking
56. With a dictionary a person can look up a word quickly, discover ..... and learn.....  
a) what does it mean/to pronounce c) what its meaning is/how it pronounces  
b) what is the meaning/pronouncing d) what it means/how it is pronounced
57. Two cars collided on the highway, ..... caused an incredible traffic jam.  
a) that b) what c) where d) which
58. Nobody lives in the house where your father was raised, ..... ?  
a) does he b) don't they c) do they d) wasn't he
59. There was ..... food on the table, but it just didn't seem to be.....  
a) a lot of/some b) plenty of/enough c) little/enough d) much/some
60. The jury ..... a verdict to the court until they ..... the matter amongst themselves.  
a) didn't deliver/have been discussing c) won't deliver/have discussed  
b) doesn't deliver/will have discussed d) wouldn't deliver/were discussing
61. I ..... read science fiction books a lot as a teenager, but now that I am old, I've lost interest in them.  
a) would b) must c) might d) should
62. .... English are always talking about ..... weather, but in fact, ..... British Isles have a reasonable climate on the whole.  
a) The/a/X b) X/the/X c) X/X/the d) The/the/the
63. David's sister, with ..... I work, has recommended a good cafe downtown.  
a) whom b) that c) whose d) who
64. Jeff is very pleased with ..... for finally breaking away from ..... business partner.  
a) him/himself b) himself/his c) on his own/his d) on his own/himself
65. If you ..... for the exam properly last week, you' ..... it again right now.  
a) prepared/wouldn't take c) had prepared/wouldn't be taking  
b) have prepared/won't be taking d) were preparing/aren't taking
66. His face suddenly turned white when he saw me. He looked ..... he had seen a ghost.  
a) as though b) if c) even d) as



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June 8<sup>th</sup>, 2008  
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**75. Even if most of the people do not know what it is, philosophy is a part of our life, may be the life itself. There are many definitions about philosophy, but we cannot say philosophy is this. Some say it is understanding life and the universe, but some say it is a way of thinking. \_\_\_\_\_ In other words, loving nature, people and the world, in addition to the knowledge which is formed by love, constitute the background of philosophy.**

- a) We are living with forests, lakes, flowers and to love them makes us relaxed.
- b) We can share our happiness and jokes with our friends and learn to love the world.
- c) When you fall in love, this special person makes you the happiest person in the world,
- d) In this respect we understand that philosophy is love and knowledge.

**76. \_\_\_\_\_ On the other hand, it is also true that while three generations may share the same living space, they may not share the same social and moral values. Grandparents, parents, and children may see very different solutions to a given problem because of their different points of view.**

- a) If three generations live together in the same house, some important problems might rise over time.
- b) Life in an extended family of three generations has a number of economic and social advantages.
- c) Having a large family also means having a lot of problems because there are different points of view.
- d) If you stay with your parents, you can have the benefit of this situation in time.

**77. When, as tiny babies, we first enter this world, we have no experience, we know no words; our minds are not filled with thoughts and ideas. We simply exist, aware only of our immediate surroundings and secure in the love of our parents. \_\_\_\_\_ ; we learn to communicate through speech as well as with the other senses. Our minds and spirits are opened up to thoughts and ideas, experience and reflection.**

- a) As we grow older we become aware of ourselves and of our surroundings
- b) We start asking questions about the origin of the universe
- c) Their efforts to bring us up are wonderful
- d) Spiritually healthy individuals are in good harmony with society

**For questions 78-79 find the main idea of the paragraphs.**

**78. Every year in many developing countries, large areas of land that once produced food become completely unproductive. The problem is not the result of poisonous chemicals which contaminate the land and pollution is not the only way to destroy the environment. It can also be destroyed by humans who disturb the ecological balance of an area in other ways. In any area there is a balance in nature. If one part is disturbed, then the balance of the system is disturbed and the other parts begin to suffer. Today, the lives of many people, as well as the lives of their children and grandchildren, are put in danger because of environmental destruction.**

- a) Many developing countries use poisonous chemicals and, pollute the land.
- b) The natural system consists of many parts working independently.
- c) Due to unproductive land, many people have to find new places to live in.
- d) The environment is destroyed when the balance in nature is lost.

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**79. Many studies have shown that it is better to wear your seat belt when you are travelling in a car. Seat belts greatly reduce the risk of death or injury in an accident. This fact is widely recognized and many governments have passed laws requiring seat belt use. However, many people still do not wear seat belts. Researchers have found several reasons for this. Some people feel uncomfortable with the seat belt. They are afraid of being trapped in the car in an accident. Others do not think that the seat belt can protect them. They believe that people have no power over their fate. Fate will decide whether they will have an accident and whether they will be injured or die. They think that wearing a seat belt or not will make no difference.**

- a) In spite of the risks, there are a lot of people who do not wear seat belts.
- b) All new cars must now be equipped with seat belts.
- c) Some people feel uncomfortable wearing seat belts.
- d) Wearing a seat belt doesn't mean that you won't be injured or die in an accident.

**For questions 80-87 read the text and answer the questions.**

**TODAY'S WORLD FOOD PROBLEMS**

**(1)** One of the saddest features of the modern world is that millions of people do not have enough to eat and many more do not have the right kinds of food required for good health.

**(2)** In order to be healthy, man needs a balanced diet, i.e. a diet that contains the right amounts of protein, fat, carbohydrate, vitamins and minerals. The carbohydrate in bread, rice, potatoes and sugary foods provides energy for the body. Too much carbohydrate, however, can make people obese and obesity can endanger health. These people usually have serious health problems since they are extremely fat. The oils and fats in milk, cream, butter, cheese and meat provide the body's main stored food and contain much more energy than carbohydrates. The protein in cheese, eggs, meat, fish and milk quickens growth and repairs damage to the body's tissues. The body also needs small amounts of vitamins and minerals. When a person's diet consists of a variety of foods, the required amounts of vitamins and minerals are taken in.

**(3)** Historically, the diets of different societies depend on such factors as climate, soil and ease or difficulty of transporting foods from one place to another. The simple diet of the Bedouin Arabs consists of dates, grains and sometimes meat and vegetables. This is because the land is very dry and, as a result, very few foods can be grown there. On the other hand, a country such as France, with a good climate and rich soil, has always had plentiful and a great variety of foods.

**(4)** When people move to another country and culture, they usually take their eating habits with them. They feel psychologically comfortable when they eat the foods they have known all their lives.

**(5)** When discussing food and diet, it is possible to divide the world's population into two sections: those who have lots of food and those who suffer shortages of even the most basic foods. Developed countries have the financial means and the technology to provide all kinds of foods for their people. Refrigeration, food preservation and modern transport systems allow these people to enjoy foods from all parts of the world. For instance, the British are not able to grow sufficient food for their needs, but they import a wide variety of foods, from potatoes to exotic tropical fruits. Food processing has meant that the seasons are no longer important: vegetables, such as peas and beans are canned or frozen and are available the whole year round; soft fruits such as strawberries, which are only produced locally for a short season, can be imported from other parts of the world.

**(6)** Although some developed nations have been experiencing financial difficulties recently, the result has not been damaging. The effects of economic problems on developing countries, however, have been very serious. One disastrous result is famine. Millions of people in Africa, particularly babies and small children, have lost their lives because there is no food. Droughts, or long periods of dry weather, are a major cause of this famine. There is also economic pressure to produce industrial crops, such as cotton, for export. Thus, these countries are unable to produce sufficient amounts of food crops for their own people. Many developing countries do not have the money to buy the food they need from abroad. Fortunately, the developed countries have reacted to the famine crisis and are providing food from their remaining food stocks. Meanwhile, over large parts of the world, hungry people are worried about not what to eat, but if they will eat or not.

**According to the text;**

- 80.** A diet that has a variety of foods.....
- contains mainly bread, rice, potatoes and sugary foods.
  - sometimes results in health problems, such as heart disease.
  - is rich in protein, fat and carbohydrates but lacks vitamins and minerals.
  - provides the body with the necessary vitamins and minerals.
- 81.** The Bedouin Arabs have a simple diet.....
- since their land is not suitable for growing a variety of foods.
  - because of historical, religious and cultural factors.
  - that is similar to the diet of the French, who always have a lot to eat.
  - which is the result of a good climate and rich soil.
- 82.** People who move to another country.....
- suffer from psychological problems.
  - easily accept the eating habits of that country.
  - prefer eating the food they usually eat in their own countries.
  - have eating habits which are common in most countries.
- 83.** By means of food processing,.....
- vegetables and fruits are consumed in great quantities in the countries where they are grown.
  - all kinds of vegetables and fruits can be consumed any time of the year.
  - peas and beans are grown locally during certain seasons only.
  - soft fruits, including strawberries, have a short growing season.
- 84.** What is the **topic** of paragraph 5 ?
- Why developed countries can supply food easily while others can't.
  - The importance of refrigerators in food preservation.
  - Ability to provide different kinds of food depending on the seasons.
  - Lack of farming in Britain due to weather conditions.
- 85.** In paragraph 6 **famine** is .....
- a cause of financial difficulty.
  - Dry weather that lasts a long time.
  - the economic problems of the African people.
  - a serious shortage of food.
- 86.** One reason why developing countries cannot grow enough food for their people is that .....
- they don't have the money to import food from other countries.
  - they try to solve the problem by providing food for the people who need it.
  - they grow more industrial crops than food crops for economic reasons.
  - hungry people in the world do not know whether they will have anything to eat.
- 87.** Which of the following is **TRUE** according to the text?
- The British enjoy a wide variety of foods, which are grown in their country.
  - The fats and oils in certain foods provide stored food and energy for the body.
  - People in developed countries are not very fortunate since they have difficulty getting the right kind of food.
  - Hunger problems in Africa is mainly caused by the lack of modern refrigeration and modern transport systems.

**For questions 88-93 read the text and answer the questions.**

**ULTRAVIOLET TATTOOS: FRIEND OR ENEMY?**

(1) Getting a tattoo is often for the beauty of the art and the design placed on the skin. The image stays with the recipient and can be a reminder of things in the past that the individual wishes to keep alive. It is with this desire for beauty and an artistic drive that often leads to new developments in the tattoo industry, as well as new types of ink.

(2) Newer developments in the tattoo industry have brought ultraviolet tattoos which are comprised of ultraviolet ink. The popularity of these tattoos was considerable when they first came about and they were widely popular amongst club-goers and those with regular access to black lights or ultraviolet lighting. The tattoo cannot be seen without the use of ultraviolet lighting and therefore is an inconspicuous way to add tattoo artistry to your life. This is another obvious reason for its popularity. By being able to hide the tattoo during the day, it is even more rewarding to reveal it at night by black light. It is with this kind of approach to body art that ultraviolet tattoos became more popular and widely seen.

(3) It is important to know that most tattoo artists do not encourage the use of the ultraviolet ink, nor do they carry it in their shops. The ink not FDA (Federal Drug Administration) approved for use on humans and has been known to cause side effects. Complaints of burning, skin rashes, blistering, and other side effects have been seen as well as complaints that the ink interferes with x-rays and leaves pain and burning on the skin after one is performed. Since most tattoo inks are not necessarily approved or safe, it is obviously important to be aware of the risks involved when searching out a tattoo specialist. Furthermore, some have complained that sun exposure leads to a yellowing out of ultraviolet tattoos, leading to a noticeable marking on the skin during the day. When it comes to such complaints, there are obviously varying degrees of severity to be concerned about and everyone's skin and immune system responds differently to tattoo inks.

(4) Another important thing to consider is removing ultraviolet tattoos. Since modern laser technology, ordinary tattoos may still be considered permanent, but they can be lightened and removed via laser treatment. Yet with ultraviolet tattoos, if you desire to remove it, laser tattoo removal is not necessarily going to work and you may find it difficult to remove in that fashion. Since the lasers can only tackle certain colours, it is important to understand your options so that you are aware of the risks involved.

(5) Long term effects related to ultraviolet tattoos have not been researched or studied. It is highly possible that certain side effects are simply not known and that certain symptoms may go unnoticed until years later. The point is, when making a decision that affects the health of your skin, your body, and your life, you should obviously be informed. Ask questions and seek out professional tattoo artists who are informed and who can give you sound advice.

**According to the text;**

88. One of the reasons why people have tattoos is to.....
- be extraordinary in their group of friends.
  - develop their artistic talents.
  - keep their memories fresh.
  - be a part of the developments in the tattoo industry.
89. What made ultraviolet tattoos more common?
- The fact that some clubs don't allow people in without ultraviolet tattoos.
  - The desire to reveal it at night while covering it in daylight.
  - The tattoo artistry is essential for people with regular access to black lights.
  - The common belief that the ultraviolet tattoos don't have any side-effects.
90. Which one of the following statements **cannot be inferred** from paragraph 3?
- If there were no side-effects of ultraviolet tattoos, the ink may have been accepted by the FDA.
  - A tattoo specialist plays a very important role in risk-free tattooing.
  - Everyone who gets an ultraviolet tattoo regrets it.
  - Not everyone experiences side effects to ultraviolet tattooing.

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91. Which one of the following statements is **TRUE** according to the text?
- The process of taking out an ultraviolet tattoo may be a failure unlike an ordinary tattoo.
  - Ultraviolet tattoos have caused the disappearance of ordinary tattoos completely.
  - A person will start suffering from the side-effects of the ultraviolet tattoos in a very short time.
  - The number of club-goers has increased significantly after ultraviolet tattoos became more fashionable than ordinary tattoos.
92. What does **tackle** mean in paragraph 4?
- mix
  - add
  - paint
  - erase
93. What's the **main idea** of the text?
- The complaints of people who have had tattoos are increasing day by day.
  - After the FDA banned the usage of ultraviolet ink, people started questioning how risky tattoos are. |
  - Although ultraviolet tattoos have become very popular, there are some risks involved.
  - There have been many developments in the tattoo industry since the arrival of ultraviolet tattoo.

- End of Test -

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1-a	26-c	51-b	76-d
2-c	27-a	52-d	77-b
3-d	28-d	53-d	78-c
4-a	29-a	54-d	79-a
5-c	30-d	55-a	80-b
6-b	31-c	56-c	81-d
7-a	32-c	57-b	82-b
8-c	33-b	58-a	83-a
9-a	34-a	59-a	84-c
10-b	35-b	60-a	85-d
11-a	36-a	61-c	86-b
12-d	37-d	62-a	87-d
13-b	38-c	63-b	88-c
14-a	39-b	64-b	89-a
15-c	40-a	65-b	90-c
16-c	41-c	66-d	91-b
17-c	42-b	67-b	92-a
18-b	43-c	68-a	93-d
19-a	44-d	69-a	
20-c	45-b	70-c	
21-c	46-a	71-d	
22-a	47-b	72-c	
23-c	48-d	73-d	
24-a	49-d	74-a	
25-a	50-c	75-b	